



# What Are Civil Liberties? - Quiz

To view the article that this quiz is based on, please go to:

<https://constitutionus.com/constitution/rights/what-are-civil-liberties/>

## Q1. What are Civil Liberties?

- A. Rights granted by the United States Constitution
- B. Privileges given by the government
- C. Laws enforced by the police
- D. International human rights

## Q2. Who originally argued for the inclusion of a Bill of Rights in the Constitution?

- A. George Washington
- B. Thomas Jefferson and James Madison
- C. Benjamin Franklin
- D. Alexander Hamilton

## Q3. To whom do Civil Liberties in the United States apply?

- A. Only United States citizens
- B. Only documented immigrants
- C. Anyone on US soil
- D. Only people born in the US

**Q4. Which amendment protects freedom of speech and religion?**

- A. Second Amendment
- B. Fourth Amendment
- C. First Amendment
- D. Tenth Amendment

**Q5. What is an example of a restriction on freedom of speech?**

- A. Criticizing the government
- B. Inciting violence
- C. Practicing religion
- D. Protesting peacefully

**Q6. Which amendment includes the right to avoid self-incrimination?**

- A. Third Amendment
- B. Fifth Amendment
- C. Seventh Amendment
- D. Ninth Amendment

**Q7. What does the right to privacy protect?**

- A. Government publicizing private information without consent
- B. Unlimited internet access
- C. Mandatory sharing of personal data
- D. Public surveillance without limits

**Q8. When was same-sex marriage legalized nationwide in the US?**

- A. 1967
- B. 2000
- C. 2015
- D. 2020

**Q9. What is the difference between Civil Liberties and Civil Rights?**

- A. Civil Liberties limit government power, Civil Rights are enforced through government power
- B. Civil Liberties are international, Civil Rights are national
- C. Civil Liberties are for citizens only, Civil Rights are for everyone
- D. There is no difference

**Q10. What was a major goal of the Civil Rights Movement of the 1950s and '60s?**

- A. Expanding freedom of speech
- B. Ending racial discrimination in voting, jobs, and housing
- C. Reducing government surveillance
- D. Promoting religious freedom

## **Answer Key**

1. Q1: A
2. Q2: B
3. Q3: C
4. Q4: C
5. Q5: B
6. Q6: B
7. Q7: A
8. Q8: C
9. Q9: A
10. Q10: B