

What Was the Indian Removal Act? - Quiz

To view the article that this quiz is based on, please go to: https://constitutionus.com/law/what-was-the-indian-removal-act/

Q1. What was the primary purpose of the Indian Removal Act of 1830?

- A. To grant Native Americans citizenship
- B. To forcibly relocate Native Americans and annex their land
- C. To establish trade agreements with Native tribes
- D. To provide education for Native American children

Q2. Which U.S. president is most associated with the Indian Removal Act?

- A. George Washington
- B. Thomas Jefferson
- C. Andrew Jackson
- D. Abraham Lincoln

Q3. What percentage of the Native American population in the southeastern U.S. was forcibly relocated due to the Indian Removal Act?

B. 60%

C. 90%

D. 10%

Q4. What was the name given to the forced relocation journey of Native Americans?

- A. The Long Walk
- B. The Trail of Tears
- C. The Great Migration
- D. The Bitter March

Q5. How many soldiers were sent to oversee the forced removal of Native Americans?

- A. 1,000
- B. 3,000
- C. 5,000
- D. 7,000

Q6. Which Supreme Court case ruled that Native American tribes were sovereign nations?

- A. Marbury v. Madison
- B. Worcester v. Georgia
- C. Dred Scott v. Sandford
- D. Johnson v. M'Intosh

Q7. What was the estimated death toll of the Cherokee nation during the forced removal?

- A. 1,000
- B. 2,000
- C. 4,000
- D. 6,000

Q8. Which state heavily sponsored the Indian Removal Act to annex Indian land?

- A. Alabama
- B. Georgia
- C. Mississippi
- D. Tennessee

Q9. What was the destination for most Native Americans relocated under the Indian Removal Act?

- A. Present-day Oklahoma
- B. Present-day Texas
- C. Present-day California
- D. Present-day Kansas

Q10. What was the popular idea in Congress that supported the expansion of U.S. territory?

- A. Isolationism
- B. Manifest Destiny
- C. Monroe Doctrine
- D. Federalism

Answer Key

- 1. Q1: B
- 2. Q2: C
- 3. Q3: B
- 4. Q4: B
- 5. Q5: D
- 6. Q6: B
- 7. Q7: C
- 8. Q8: B
- 9. Q9: A
- 10. Q10: B