

## Where Is Innocent Until Proven Guilty Found in the Constitution? - Quiz

To view the article that this quiz is based on, please go to: https://constitutionus.com/constitution/where-is-innocent-until-proven-guilty-found-in-the-constitution/

### Q1. Where does the phrase 'innocent until proven guilty' originate in the United States?

- A. It is explicitly stated in the 5th Amendment
- B. It is a combination of previous laws, court cases, and interpretations of amendments
- C. It is directly mentioned in the Bill of Rights
- D. It was first used in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights

## Q2. Which amendment includes the clause 'No person shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself'?

- A. 6th Amendment
- B. 14th Amendment
- C. 5th Amendment
- D. 1st Amendment

### Q3. What does the 6th Amendment guarantee to the accused?

- A. Right to a speedy and public trial
- B. Right to free speech
- C. Right to bear arms
- D. Right to privacy

## Q4. Which amendment reinforces the idea of a fair trial with due process?

- A. 5th Amendment
- B. 6th Amendment
- C. 14th Amendment
- D. 10th Amendment

## Q5. Who is attributed with coining the phrase 'presumed innocent until proven guilty'?

- A. James Madison
- B. A British barrister in 1761
- C. The United Nations
- D. The Supreme Court in 1894

# Q6. In which document is the phrase 'Everyone charged with a penal offence has the right to be presumed innocent until proven guilty' explicitly stated?

- A. The United States Constitution
- B. The Bill of Rights
- C. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- D. The Miranda Rights

## Q7. Which case is commonly cited as the starting point for presumed innocence in U.S. law?

- A. Miranda v. Arizona
- B. Coffin v. United States
- C. Brown v. Board of Education
- D. Roe v. Wade

#### **Q8. What do Miranda Rights ensure for suspects?**

- A. Right to remain silent and have legal representation
- B. Right to a public trial
- C. Right to be presumed innocent
- D. Right to appeal a conviction

## Q9. Which Supreme Court case led to the creation of Miranda Rights?

- A. Coffin v. United States
- B. Miranda v. Arizona
- C. Gideon v. Wainwright
- D. Marbury v. Madison

### Q10. What is the main purpose of the presumption of innocence?

- A. To make it easier to convict criminals
- B. To protect the innocent and ensure fair trials
- C. To speed up the legal process
- D. To reduce the workload of prosecutors

### **Answer Key**

- 1. Q1: B
- 2. Q2: C
- 3. Q3: A
- 4. Q4: C
- 5. Q5: B
- 6. Q6: C
- 7. Q7: B
- 8. Q8: A
- 9. Q9: B
- 10. Q10: B